APPENDIX B

Data Layer Types And Sources for Targeted Ecosystem Services (updated March 2023)

(from suggestions made during in-depth interviews undertaken between January and September 2023, and in written feedback)

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV	ED	
1112		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
SEARCHABLE BC DATA CATALOGUES							
• Various	BC Data Catalogue https://catalogue.data.gov.bc.ca/ EcoCat Ecological Reports Catalogue https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/conten t/environment/research-monitoring- reporting/libraries-publication- catalogues/ecocat iMap BC https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/conten t/data/geographic-data- services/web-based- mapping/imapbc Habitat Wizard https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/conten t/environment/plants-animals- ecosystems/ecosystems/habitatwiz ard •	Wide range of B.C. Government data, applications and web services Maps, datasets and published inventories on aquatic species and habitats, terrestrial species and habitats, and vegetation.	Wide range of B.C. Government data, applications and web services	Wide range of B.C. Government data, applications and web services	Wide range of B.C. Government data, applications and web services	Wide range of B.C. Government data, applications and web services Maps, datasets and published inventories on aquatic species, floodplain mapping, reservoirs, ground water	Wide range of B.C. Government data, applications and web services
LAND COVER							
Land Cover & change	Lidar https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-dataservices/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644a757-e383c0057995 Satellite imagery Orthophotos	 Regional baseline conditions. Ecosystem conversion rates/ human footprint Monitoring land use changes Overall ecological resilience (amount and contiguity of 	Baseline conditions Conversion rates	Baseline conditions Conversion rates	Cumulative impacts on traditional territories and Aboriginal Rights	 Overall watershed health/run-off moderation Hydrological/ watershed modelling 	•

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVIO	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV		SOMMART REPORT
1112		Biodiversity Carbo		Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
	North American Land Cover (NALCMS) & Land Cover Change (2010-2015) (30m pixels) Satellite Forest Information For Canada (30m) https://opendata.nfis.org/mapserver/nfis-change_eng.html Landcover Agricultural/forest land cover UN Biodiversity Lab ESA CCI Land Cover 1992-2000 (300m pixels) ESA CGLS Land Cover 2015-2019 (100m pixels) ESI 2020 Land Cover 10m Agriculture Canada (AAFC) semidecadal land use time series Trends Earth Tracking Land Change – Land cover (QGIS download) – 1992-2018 (300m) Joint Ventures BC Land Cover Map (not public) UBC Sustainable Agriculture Landscapes Lab – Land use-land Cover Change in Lower Fraser Valley 1978-2018 (30m) (https://sal-lab.landfood.ubc.ca/projects/spatio temporal-analysis-of-land-use-land-cover-and-soil-organic-carbon-in-lower-fraser-valley/)	remaining natural habitat). • Ecological corridors and stepping stones • Land cover diversity					
VEGETATION COVER / ECOSYSTEMS	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV	RIVED		
TIFE		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience	
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)			
Terrestrial Ecosystems	TEM/BEC site series, VRI SEI Analogs (bird guilds, animal models) Lidar/multispectral https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-dataservices/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644-a757-e383c0057995 Marxan (CDFCP mapping layers) Islands Trust Contiguous Forest Cover Mapping Parks Canada Mapping WWF Max canopy height in Canada 2019 (250m) https://data.4tu.nl/collections//5421810/3 Biodiversity Lab – global intertidal change Global Forest Change 2000-21 (30m); Global Land Analysis & Discovery, derived from https://www.science.org/doi/10.1126/science.1244693 Satellite Forest Information For Canada (30m) https://opendata.nfis.org/mapserver/nfis-change_eng.html Forest change and change type	Sensitive ecosystems Priorities for retention or restoration:(e.g. Garry oak meadows, wetlands, woodlands, riparian areas, etc.). Freshwater fish habitat Habitat for species at risk Ecological corridors and stepping stones Priority restoration areas (to link up larger ecosystem patches and reduce ecosystem fragmentation)	Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas Heights, BA, CC, SPH info can be highly improved with LiDAR Cross walk with carbon valuation and restored with LiDAR	Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Ecosystems that potentially support culturally important plants (e.g. camas, cedar, sitka spruce, devils club, etc.) Habitats that potentially support culturally important wildlife Priorities for retention and cultural restoration/management	Watershed health/run- off moderation (e.g % forest cover) Hydrologically sensitive ecosystems (wetlands, riparian areas, floodplain systems, etc.) Hydrological/watershe d modelling Priority retention and restoration areas (e.g. riparian areas, wetlands, floodplains)	Forest types at higher (eg dry conifer) vs lower (e.g. broadleaf) fire risk	

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVIO	CE REPRESENTED/DERIVI		SUMMARY REPORT
IIFE		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
• Ecosystem Productivity	 VRI (site index), Provincial Site Productivity Layer 	Site productivity – how fast vegetation grows, and how big it gets Priorities for retention/restoration (e.g. productive 'big tree' old growth, estuaries)	 Capability of ecosystem to store carbon. Priorities for retention (i.e. ecosystems currently storing high amounts of carbon) Priorities for restoration (degraded ecosystems on productive sites, capable of storing high amounts of carbon in the future) 	Capability of ecosystem to sequester carbon. Priorities for retention (ecosystems sequestering high carbon at high rates) Priorities for restoration (degraded ecosystems on productive sites, capable of sequestering at high rates in the future)	Priority cultural plant areas for retention and restoration (e.g. productive sites capable of growing monumental cedars)		Can higher productivity forests be used as an indicator of fire resilience?
Forest Structural Stage/Integrity	Vegetation Resource Inventory (VRI) Lidar/multispectral https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-data-services/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644-a757-e383c0057995 Analogs:(bird guilds, animal models) Satellite Forest Information For Canada (30m) https://opendata.nfis.org/mapserver/nfis-change_eng.html Wildfire year Harvest year Post disturbance recovery Forest elevation height Basal area Urban Greenness score	Sensitive/priority areas for retention (e.g. old and mature forest) Ecological corridors/connectivity Forest integrity/condition and change in integrity Old/mature forest climate refugia (shadier/lower temperatures)	Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each structural stage, to determine priority areas for retention, restoration, or improved management	Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each structural stage, to determine priority areas for retention, restoration, or improved management	Potential cultural plant areas (e.g. large cedars for canoe building)	Hydrological/watershe d modelling Hydrologically sensitive areas, e.g. old forest in watershed headwaters (affects water flows via snowpack accumulation and melting rates) Old and mature forest in riparian areas, floodplains, alluvial fans,, etc.(affects water flows and quality) Shade from old/mature forest lower's water temperatures	Forest stages at higher risk (e.g. dense pole sapling) vs lower fire risk (e.g. mature-old with separated crowns, uneven age)

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES		ECOSYSTEM SERVICE REPRESENTED/DERIVED						
1112		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience		
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)				
	 And more Canadian Forest Service forest disturbance mapping 1984-2015 (30m) https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dat aset/add1346b-f632-4eb9-a83d-a662b38655ad Global Forest Height 2019 (30m); Global Land Analysis & Discovery https://glad.umd.edu/dataset/gedi/ UN Biodiversity Lab - Forest Landscape Integrity Index (300m) Global Forest Change 2000-21 (30m); Global Land Analysis & Discovery, derived from https://www.science.org/doi/10.112 6/science.1244693 					Priority retention areas			
Biodiversity	UN Biodiversity Lab – Biodiversity intactness Index (2000-2015) http://unbiodiversitylab.org/en/ iBird iNaturalist Key Biodiversity Areas https://www.keybiodiversityareas.org/kba-data Important Bird Areas https://www.ibacanada.com/explorehow.jsp?lang=en Composite distribution maps used for CDFCP Marxan and NPLCC Tool, https://ncc.carleton.ca/app/wheretowork advanced?sp hide navbar=true Old Forest communities Savannah communities Wetland communities Shrub communities Beta biodiversity	Biodiverse ecological communities Species diversity and richness Globally & nationally significant populations/aggregations Ecosystem diversity Biodiversity intactness; Forest integrity; Human footprint Land cover diversity Priorities for retention, management and restoration							

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV	ED	
1112		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
SPECIES & ECOSYSTEMS AT RISK	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE
• Species at risk	CDC element occurrences http://maps.gov.bc.ca/ess/hm/cdc/ https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/environment/plants-animals-ecosystems/conservation-data-centre/explore-cdc-data/species-and-ecosystems-explorer First Nations/local knowledge Goshawk models, nesting and foraging habitat maps Marbled Murrelet models and suitability mapping W. Screech owl models under development Composite distribution maps used for CDFCP Marxan and NPLCC Tool, https://ncc.carleton.ca/app/wheretowork advanced?sp hide navbar=true Old Forest communities Savannah communities Wetland communities Wetland communities Naturalist Bird Federal Species at Risk Range Maps BC Reptile & Amphibian Range maps CRD potential sharp-tailed snake habitat Biodiversity Lab – Threatened Species Richness/Rarity/http://unbiodiversitylab.org/en/	Known records of species at risk Potential habitat for species at risk Priority areas for retention, restoration and management			Cultural hunting considerations?		

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVIO	CE REPRESENTED/DERIVE	ED	
2		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(<u>only</u> as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
Ecological communities at risk	CDC element occurrences http://maps.gov.bc.ca/ess/hm/cdc/ https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/environment/plants-animals-ecosystems/conservation-data-centre/explore-cdc-data/species-and-ecosystems-explorer TEM CWHXm1 TEM project Garry Oak mapping SEI PEM Garry Oak TEM data	 Known locations of ecological communities at risk Likely occurrences of ecological communities at risk (e.g. extrapolated from TEM polygons) Priority areas for retention/ restoration/ management 			Potential culturally important plants Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/ management	•	•
Critical Habitat	Federal species at risk Critical Habitat maps https://catalogue.data.gov.bc.ca/dataset/critical-habitat-for-federally-listed-species-at-risk-posted-	 Critical habitat for species at risk, as mapped by the Federal Government Priority areas for retention/ restoration/ management 		•	•	•	•
REGIONALLY SIGNIFICANT FISH & WILDLIFE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE
Fish sensitive areas	Fish observations Freshwater Atlas (fish bearing streams) Pacific Salmon Foundation Salmon Explorer; https://www.salmonexplorer.ca/#\/vancouver-island-mainland-inlets First Nations/local knowledge CMN-Fraser Valley Watershed Atlas	 Fishbearing streams and water bodies, Streams feeding into fishbearing streams Priority areas for retention/ restoration/ management 	•	•	 Important fishery streams/sites Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/ management 	Priority areas for retention/ restoration/ management	•

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV		SUMINIARY REPORT
TIPE		Biodiversity	Carbon Mitigation Culturally Significant Ecosystems		Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience	
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
	https://cmnbc.ca/atlasgallery/fraser-valley-watersheds-atlas/ • Fisheries Information Summary System (FISS) https://cmnbc.ca/atlasgallery/fisheri es-information-summary-system- data-entry-tool/						
Ungulate sensitive areas (winter range etc.)	Ungulate winter range maps; First nations and local knowledge FLNRORD Deer and Elk models (TEM)	 Important ungulate habitat and movement corridors Priority areas for retention/ restoration/ management 			Important game areas Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/ management	•	•
Important Bird Areas	IBA Canada Important Bird Areas map	•	•	•	•	•	•
ESTUARINE/ INTERTIDAL SYSTEMS	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE
• Estuaries	PECP Ranked estuaries https://pacificbirds.org/2021/02/an-updated-ranking-of-british-columbias-estuaries/ BEC site series TEM/ SEI in some places Georgia Basin Habitat Atlas (lower mainland tidal habitat) https://cmnmaps.ca/GBHA/	Sensitive ecosystems Important fish and wildlife habitat Important bird areas Biodiversity hotspots Priority habitats for retention/ restoration/management	Productive sites with high carbon storage capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Productive sites with high carbon sequestration capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Estuaries and associated marshes support culturally important plants (e.g. springbank clover, silverweed) Sensitive salmon habitat Sensitive wildlife habitat Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/managem ent	Crosswalk with ecosystem service valuations (flood control, water quality & quantity, etc.), to determine priority areas for retention/ restoration/managem ent	•

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIVE	ED	
1112		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
 Intertidal 	ShoreZone (high resolution imagery & video) SEI mapping CMN – BC Eelgrass Inventory UN Biodiversity Lab – Global Distribution of Seagrasses BCMCA: Marine Atlas of Pacific Canada (2011) https://cmnbc.ca/atlasgallery/bc-marine-conservation-analysis-atlas/ Georgia Basin Habitat Atlas (lower mainland eelgrass & tidal habitat) https://cmnmaps.ca/GBHA/	 Sensitive ecosystems Important intertidal habitat Important fish habitat Biodiversity hotspots Priority habitats for retention/ restoration/managem ent 	Productive sites with high carbon storage capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	 Productive sites with high carbon sequestration capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas 	Clam gardens Fish traps Sensitive aquaculture areas Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/managem ent	•	•
HYDROLOGY, TOPOGRAPHY & TERRAIN	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE
Watersheds	Freshwater Atlas- watershed boundaries PSF Salmon Explorer Lidar (topography) https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-dataservices/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644-a757-e383c0057995 Topography/contour mapping CMN – Aquatic Information Partnership Atlas - Watershed statistics https://cmnmaps.ca/AIP/			•	•	Watershed boundaries	•

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV		SOMIMARY REPORT
IIFL		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
Terrain stability	Terrain stability mappingTerrain hazard mapping	•	•	•	•	 Areas vulnerable to erosion and landslides. 	•
Floodplains/fluvi al deposits	Terrain mapping, BEC site series? Lidar (drainage) https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-dataservices/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644-a757-e383c0057995 Province wide flood plain maps (Pre-1998, many do not account for climate change):https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/environment/air-landwater/water/drought-flooding-dikes-dams/integrated-flood-hazard-management/flood-hazard-land-use-management/floodplain-mapping/floodplain-maps-by-region Regional Districts' flood plain mapping, e.g.: Cowichian Valley regional district:https://www.cvrd.ca/DocumentCenter/View/100315/2021-04-21Schedule-OFloodplain-and-Dam-Maps Squamish: https://squamish.ca/assets/IFHMP/11117/5dbb51bad9/20171031-FINAL IFHMP FinalReport-compressed.pdf	Rare and sensitive ecosystems Important fish and wildlife habitat Biodiversity hotspots Climate refugia Priority habitats for retention/ restoration/managem ent Rare and sensitive ecosystems Important fish and wildlife habitat	Productive sites with high carbon storage capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Productive sites with high carbon sequestration capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Areas likely to support culturally important plant areas (e.g. cedar, salmonberry, spruce, springbank clover) Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/management	Hydrologically sensitive areas (store groundwater water, affect water flows and quality) Sensitive ground water areas Crosswalk with ecosystem service valuations (flood control, water quality & quantity, etc.), to determine priority areas for retention/restoration/management Areas vulnerable to erosion	Wetter microclimate with lower fire risk Fire break (more broad leaf trees)

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV		SUMMARY REPORT
IIIL		Biodiversity Carbon		Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
Riparian ecosystems	 TEM/BEC site series SEI FWA buffer Joint Ventures-TNT Topographic Riparian Area mapping 	Rare and sensitive ecosystems Important fish and wildlife habitat and corridors Climate refugia Biodiversity hotspots Priority habitats for retention/restoration/management Large woody debris recruitment (fish habitat)	Productive sites with high carbon storage capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Productive sites with high carbon sequestration capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Areas likely to support culturally important plants (e.g. cedar, elder, mock orange, saskatoons) Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/managem ent	Hydrologically sensitive areas (store groundwater water, affect water flows and quality, reduce water temperature) Crosswalk with ecosystem service valuations (flood control, water quality & quantity, etc.), to determine priority areas for retention/restoration/management	Wetter microclimate with lower fire risk Fire break (more broad leaf trees)
Wetlands & lakes	Freshwater Atlas, TEM/BEC site series CWS ranked wetlands 2018 CWS National Wetland Inventory (under development) Satellite Forest Information For Canada - wetlands (30m) https://opendata.nfis.org/mapserver/nfis-change_eng.html Georgia Basin Habitat Atlas (lower mainland/ Fraser Valley wetlands) https://cmnmaps.ca/GBHA/	Rare and sensitive ecosystems Important fish and wildlife habitat Climate refugia Biodiversity hotspots Priority habitats for retention/restoration/management Important bird areas	Sites with high carbon storage capability (e.g. wetlands) Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Ecosystems with high carbon sequestration capability (wetlands with tree canopies) Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	Sensitive fish habitat Areas likely to support culturally important plants (e.g. springbank clover, silverweed, Labrador tea) Sensitive wildlife habitat Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/management	Hydrologically sensitive areas (store water, affect water flows and quality) Crosswalk with ecosystem service valuations (flood control, water quality & quantity, etc.), to determine priority areas for retention/restoration/management	Wetter microclimate with lower fire risk Fire break
Watercourses	Freshwater Atlas CMN-Fraser Valley Watershed Atlas Lidar (drainage) https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-dataservices/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644-a757-e383c0057995	Sensitive ecosystems Important fish and wildlife habitat Biodiversity hotspots Priority habitats for retention/ restoration/managem ent Climate refugia	•	•	Sensitive fish habitat Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/managem ent	Hydrologically sensitive areas (affect water flow and quality) Crosswalk with ecosystem service valuations (flood control, water quality & quantity, etc.), to determine priority	Create wetter microclimates with lower fire risk Fire break

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV	ED	
1112		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(<u>only</u> as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
	•					areas for retention/ restoration/managem ent	
• Gullies	BEC site series, Lidar (drainage) https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-data-services/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644-a757-e383c0057995	 Sensitive ecosystems Important wildlife habitat and corridors Priority habitats for retention/ restoration/ management Climate refugia 			Areas likely to support culturally important plants (e.g. devil's club, red cedar)	Sensitive terrain feature, vulnerable to erosion and landslides. Sediment recruitment and transport	Wetter microclimate with lower fire risk Fire break (more broad leaf trees)
Alluvial Fans	TEM, BEC site series, Terrain mapping Lidar (drainage) https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/data/geographic-dataservices/lidarbc https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/957782bf-847c-4644-a757-e383c0057995	Rare and sensitive ecosystems Important wildlife habitat Biodiversity hotspots Climate refugia Priority habitats for retention/ restoration/ management Important sediment recruitment processes affecting fish and benthic invertebrates	Productive sites with high carbon storage capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas	 Productive sites with high carbon sequestration capability Cross walk with carbon valuation models for each ecosystem type to determine priority retention and restoration areas 	Areas likely to support culturally important plants (e.g. spruce, berries)	Hydrologically sensitive areas (store groundwater, affect water flow and quality) Highly erodible terrain Sediment deposition	Wetter microclimate with lower fire risk Fire break (more broad leaf trees)
Small headwater streams	Freshwater Atlas - Stream Order	 Important organic matter recruitment and transport area for downstream fish and aquatic invertebrates Important aquatic invertebrate habitat 	•	•	Areas likely to support culturally important plants (e.g. devil's club, salmonberry)	Hydrologically sensitive areas (affect water flow and quality, affect downstream water temperature) Sediment recruitment and transport	Wetter microclimate with lower fire risk Fire break (more broad leaf trees)

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	ECOSYSTEM SERVICE REPRESENTED/DERIVED						
IIIE		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience	
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)			
Groundwater recharge areas	Islands Trust Groundwater Recharge Mapping https://islandstrust.bc.ca/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/2019-17-gws-ssi_groundwater-recharge_final.pdf	•	•	•		Hydrologically sensitive areas (recharge and store groundwater)	•	
Karst landscapes	BEC site seriesBedrock geologyProvincial Karst Dataset	productive forestsclimate refugiaRare cave fauna	High carbon storage areas		•	Hydrologically sensitive areas (store groundwater, affect water flow and quality)	•	
Water quality	 Salish Sea Marine Emissions Tool Government of Canada Pollutants Affecting Whales and their Prey Inventory Tool (PAWPIT-OIPABP) 	•			•	•	•	
CULTURAL NATURAL ASSETS	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE	
Culturally important ecosystems	 First Nations/local knowledge AOA data (not public) Musqueam Place Names Map Stó:lō Research & Resource Management Cerntre TEM/SEI CDC ecological communities at risk mapping IMERSS & WhiteSwan ecocultural mapping pilot https://imerss.org/2019/01/01/ecoc ultural-mapping-pilot/ 	Fish, game and cultural plants Ecological communities at risk that are enhanced/restored by traditional management practices (including many at risk CDF ecosystems) Priority areas for retention and traditional management/restoration		•	Areas supporting or likely to support culturally important plants and animals. Priority areas for retention/ cultural restoration/management	•	Areas traditionally thinned and burned for food production (reduced fire risk)	

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV		SUMMARY REPORT
TIPE		Biodiversity Carbon Mitigation		Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
DISTURBANCE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE
• Disturbance	Cumulative Effects Framework – Human Disturbance Data from various sources, coarse level https://catalogue.data.gov.bc.ca/dataset/ce-disturbance-2021 Pacific Salmon Foundation Cumulative Pressures data https://data.salmonwatersheds.ca/data-library/ Satellite Forest Information For Canada (30m) https://opendata.nfis.org/mapserver/nfis-change_eng.html Wildfire year Harvest year Post disturbance recovery Forest elevation height Basal area Urban Greenness score And more Canadian Forest Service forest disturbance mapping 1984-2015 (30m) https://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/add1346b-f632-4eb9-a83d-a662b38655ad North American Land Cover (NALCMS) Change (2010-2015) (30m pixels)	Cumulative impacts/disturbance on species, ecosystems and ecological connectivity	Cumulative impacts on carbon storage	Cumulative impacts on carbon sequestration		Cumulative impacts on watersheds/salmon	

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	ECOSYSTEM SERVICE REPRESENTED/DERIVED						
IIFE		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience	
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)			
Wildfire risk	Wild and Urban Interface Fire Risk maps (strategic level; based on VRI; does not include private land) https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/safety/wildfire-status/prevention/vegetation-and-fuel-management/fuel-management/wui-risk-class-maps/wui-downloads Hazardous fuels mapping (based on VRI with groundtruthing) Community wildfire risk mapping	 Areas with high wildfire risk to biodiversity Priority areas for fuel management Priority areas for harvest/retention (e.g. mature and broadleaf forest) 	Areas with high wildfire risk to carbon storage Priority areas for fuel management Priority areas for harvest/retention	Areas with high wildfire risk to carbon sequestration Priority areas for fuel management Priority areas for harvest/retention	Wildfire risk to culturally significant ecosystems Priority areas for fuel management Priority areas for cultural management Priority areas for harvest/retention	 Areas with high wildfire risk to watersheds Priority areas for fuel management Priority areas for harvest/retention 	Areas at high/low risk of wildfire	
Wildfire Magnitude	Satellite Forest Information For Canada (30m) https://opendata.nfis.org/mapserver/nfis-change_eng.html Wildfire change magnitude Post disturbance recovery rate	Restoration potential						
 Insect disturbance mapping 	•	Restoration potential		•	•	•	•	
CLIMATE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE	
Carbon mapping	WWF Carbon Storage & Distribution in Terrestrial Ecosystems of Canada (250m) • https://data.4tu.nl/collections/ / 5421810/3 Trends Earth Tracking Land Change – soil carbon (250m) GSOC Global Soil Organic Carbon map Metro Vancouver carbon mapping UN Biodiversity Lab carbon mapping (above/below ground, change in woody carbon) (300m)	High productivity areas	Carbon inventory and tracking Priority areas for carbon storage Priority areas for retention/manage met to maintain carbon storage	Carbon inventory and tracking Priority areas for retention/manage ment/restoration, to maintain and enhance carbon sequestration	•	•	Priority areas for wildfire risk management	

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES			ECOSYSTEM SERVI	CE REPRESENTED/DERIV		SOMINARY REPORT
IIFE		Biodiversity Car		Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)		
	Pacific Climate Impact Consortium Data Portal (https://pacificclimate.org/data) UBC Sustainable Agriculture Landscapes Lab -Soil Organic Carbon mapping in Lower Fraser Valley (30m?) (https://sal-lab.landfood.ubc.ca/projects/spatiotemporal-analysis-of-land-use-land-cover-and-soil-organic-carbon-in-lower-fraser-valley/) Composite distribution maps used for CDFCP Marxan and NPLCC Tool, https://ncc.carleton.ca/app/wheretowork advanced?sp hide navbar=true Standing Carbon Carbon potential						
Future ecosystems and climate refugia & corridors	ClimateBC Map (historic, current & future climate & BEC zones) https://www.climatewna.com/ClimateBC Map.aspx Novel Climate Mapping (Mahoney et al.) Adapt West — Connectivity between current and future climate analogs in North America Integrated refugia and corridor priorities Climate Resilience Data Explorer UN Biodiversity Lab — Forest Landscape Integrity Index (300m)	Corridor analysis and placement Priority areas for conservation/management			Culturally important ecosystems at risk due to ecosystem changes Fish refugia, Refugia for cultural plants and other resources		Future changes in wildfire risk Priority areas for fuel management

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	ECOSYSTEM SERVICE REPRESENTED/DERIVED						
IIIE		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience	
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)			
Hydrological models	Adapt West -Watershed Climate Data Explorer Pacific Climate Impacts Consortium Gridded Hydrologic Model Output (Fraser Valley)	 Impacts on fish and other aquatic life and related management priorites Impacts on riparian systems and related management priorities 	•		Impacts on important fish populations caused by climate related changes in hydrology.	 Projected climate impacts on watershed functioning Water security – planning for future drought and flood mitigation Priority areas for retention/ restoration/managem ent 	•	
Climate change	Pacific Climate Impacts Consortium Data Portal https://www.pacificclimate.org/data Pacific Climate Impacts Consortium Climate Explorer https://www.pacificclimate.org/analysis-tools/pcic-climate-explorer				•	•	•	
OPTIMIZER/TRAD E OFF /VALUATION TOOLS	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE	
Conservation Planning	Sites Conservation Canada Where to Work (web based tool for conservation prioritization – biodiversity & carbon) https://ncc.carleton.ca/ CDFCP Marxan Tool		•	•	•	•	•	
Ecosystem Valuation	Costing Nature Policy Support System (web-based tool for ecosystem services) http://www.policysupport.org/costingnature		•	•	•	•	•	

DATA LAYER TYPE	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	ECOSYSTEM SERVICE REPRESENTED/DERIVED						
TIPE		Biodiversity	Carbon	Carbon Mitigation Culturally Significa Ecosystems		Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience	
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)			
ADDITIONAL	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	BIODIVERSITY	CARBON STORAGE	CARBON SEQUESTRATION	CULTURALLY SIGNIFICANT ECOSYSTEMS	WATERSHED RESILIENCE	WILDFIRE RESILIENCE	
Local government mapping	Metro Vancouver environmental mapping http://www.metrovancouver.org/dat a	Land cover classification (5m hybrid raster) Sensitive ecosystems tree canopy regional greenway corridors	carbon biomass carbon ecotype carbon soil		•	Tree canopy & Impervious surfaces watershed boundaries	•	
Local government mapping	CRD Environmental mapping https://mapservices.crd.bc.ca/arcgi s/rest/services/Environmental/Map Server	Sensitive ecosystems Potential sharp-tailed snake habitat			•	•	•	
 Local government mapping 	Surrey environmental mapping https://data.surrey.ca/dataset?grou ps=environment	 habitat suitability terrestrial hubs ecosystem corridors ecosystem sites (smaller sites 0.25-10ha in size) Green infrastructure network Aquatic hubs watercourses 		•	•	•	•	
Local government mapping	Saanich environmental mapping https://www.saanich.ca/EN/main/c ommunity/natural- environment/environmental- planning/saanich-ecosystem- mapping.html	Saanich environmental reference guide Environmentally sensitive areas (under development)	•	•	•	•	•	
Local government mapping	Courtenay environmental mapping	Environmentally sensitive areas Tree canopy cover	•	•	•	•	•	

DATA LAYER	POSSIBLE DATA SOURCES	ECOSYSTEM SERVICE REPRESENTED/DERIVED						
TYPE		Biodiversity	Carbon	Mitigation	Culturally Significant Ecosystems	Watershed Resilience	Wildfire Resilience	
			Storage	Sequestration	(only as defined by and with First Nations consent)			
Local government mapping	Islands Trust environmental mapping (http://maps.islandstrust.bc.ca/arcg is/rest/services/Dynamic)	•	•	•		•	•	
Local government mapping	Vancouver GIS data - https://opendata.vancouver.ca/pag es/home/ North Vancouver GIS data - https://geoweb.dnv.org/data/	•	•		•	•	•	
Other data portals	iMapBC, DataBC HectaresBC, EcoCat https://open.canada.ca/en/opendata https://www.sentinel-hub.com/explore/eobrowser	•			•	•	•	
QGIS tool for remote sensing data training	Semi-Automatic Classification Plugin.			•	•	•	•	